Language and semantics (1)	Language and semantics (2)
1. executable, 2. strong but flexible type checking, 3. measure function to guard recursions	1. syntax is relatively old fashioned (especially, SL), 2. union types without data constructors, 3. no parametric types
Abstract, Precise, Simple	Verbosity, Lack of Modern constructs (map, reduce,), Lack of type inference
Simulation and abstraction capabilities, well suited for new DSL design	"Possible"-semantics can cause traps to users, language inconsistencies/mistakes are a real put off. The strong coupling between ++ and RT is a killer given that one might not want ++ and want RT features. Finally, there is no explicit support for refinement/reification, which is a crucial aspect of VDM! It would also be nice to have polymorphic parameters in types and/or modules (akin to what is possible say in PVS)
1) VDM-SL has a formal semantics 2) Changes can be requested via the Language Board 3) Easy to get started with (compared to other formal methods)	1) VDM++/VDM-RT semantics are poorly defined, which complicates verification 2) VDM++ and VDM-RT are feature-wise too complicated for formal languages (inheritance, overloading, union types)
Relatively easy to learn - the are no unusual concepts. Easy to read simple models (in ASCII), even for non-experts. It does have a track record (not new and unknown)	Specification of threading and read-time always feels awkward to me. The detail of OO semantics is still poorly defined. It is probably perceived as an old language/method = irrelevant?
<ol> <li>The language board makes sensible analysis of potential adjustments of the VDM notations</li> <li>The semantics of the VDM languages is explained and exemplified in the language manual</li> <li>Test cases are present in the Overture tool analysing different semantic constructs</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>The formal semantics of the VDM languages has only really been described for (an older version of) VDM-SL</li> <li>The semantics of the VDM languages is not present in a form that can be used as a basis for theorem proving support</li> <li>Test cases are not as exhaustive as they could be for different semantics aspects</li> </ol>
<ol> <li>Unambiguous definitions of types</li> <li>Easier to express operations that are otherwise difficult to express in anything other than natural language</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>There is no way to easily handle structured data that is represented in the real world by bit fields.</li> <li>One-based indexing of sets and sequences is annoying when the rest of the world (mostly) uses zero-based indexes.</li> </ol>
<ul> <li>* Data representation and abstraction</li> <li>* Readability</li> <li>* We care about semantics</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>* Three dialects is confusing; lack of e.g. real-time SL</li> <li>* No proof in ++ / RT</li> <li>* RT CPU/BUS/scheduling doesn't always match real-world usage</li> </ul>
<ol> <li>A low entry level for the basic language.</li> <li>A clearly defined executable subject.</li> <li>Breadth of applicability to systems as well as software.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>It is so comprehensive it appears complex: the o-o, concurrency and RT extensions make it seem baroque.</li> <li>The relationship to commonly used languages either for programming or model-based engineering is not well defined as "part of the package"</li> </ol>
Programmer-friendly syntax, Functional flavour, Undefinedness	Object-Oriented Semantics are very poor, language is too big, type system is too loose in some ways and too restrictive in others (ex: high-order function polymorphism)
(1) Programmer-friendly syntax including object-orientation, e.g., Map rather than Relation (rather than all very mathematical notation), (2) simple but therefore clear control of abstraction by the two levels of implicit/explicit specification, and (3) still evolving language	(1) obsolete if we admire the "programmer-friendly syntax and OO", such as lack of generics in Java (polymorphic functions, but not for operations) and no "atomic" for state change by calling operations ("atomic" only for assignment statements), (2) unclear or imperfect consideration on semantics regarding consistency (e.g., the recent addition of "pure" operations, definition, the atomic issue mentioned above), (3) and instability due to #2 point (syntax change and tool-warning/error change).
<ul> <li>(1) extensive language reference guide and many working examples</li> <li>(2) covers all dialects supported by the tools</li> <li>(3) no significant deviations between Overture and the ISO standard</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(1) language is very big with many constructs that are considered obscure and typically are poorly understood by novices; the consequences of a type system with looseness is hard to grasp and needs to be addressed with care, in particular in applications that require high levels of rigour</li> <li>(2) the object oriented aspects are weakly defined and not in line with other OO languages, causing difficulties and misunderstandigs; we should consider if OO is actually needed at all</li> <li>(3) the appeal factor of modern functional languages is missing from VDM which seems a turn-off for some new user; it would be good to benchmark the language against some alternate approaches to see if we need to prune and modernise? do we really need all these language variants?</li> <li>(4) the fact that we lost the ability to bootstrap our tools from a formal specification of the tools itself I think is still one of our main weaknesses - a capability we basically lost about a decade ago. IMHO it would add to our credibility and challenge our tool development if this was reinstated!</li> </ul>

Async der SL es library - Medium THEME POOR SEMANTICS (EGP 0-0) (They have evolved from the needs of THEMES: DIALECTS ARE NOT AUCH! THEME ! No PROPER SUPPORT Theme: RT is shill los redricted/ THEME WE'VE LOST THE LINK TO spectic projects, rather than being - WE DON'T SUPPORT PROOF FORMAL METHODS, IN THAT - WEVE LOST THE IDEA OF YOU'RE FERCED TO HAVE THEME: NOT IS FOR RT, BUT FOR REFINEMENT Owned + bad semewhr HAVING A SPEC OF THE (Eat our own dig food?) WEARNESS 100rs contrady that and wed in they to a substantial part of NDM-SL Action: Work out proof theory Nimbry Harrist to SOFTWARE)

LOVG

WITH EXECUTABILITY THEME : BROOKD APPLICABILITY THENE ! LOW BARRIED TO ENTRY THEME: PRECISION / FORMALITY THEME : COMMUNITY SUPPORT THEME: ABSTRACTION Consider \$ SMETTRYS) CSUMAND STRENGTIAS ACTIONS ?

AGTON: EXTEND SL WITH RT FEATURES AS ANEW DIALECT \* support libraries in the bod e.g. like moren central (now ) etc. ACTION CONSIDER SIMPLIFICATION to More Enchanduity to Libraries Mydium r'alun - don't add keywords ( foing + Re-evaluate dia lect of VOM-D'ALECTS leg your . C.J ACTION ACTION

Perpere out how difficult it's to more vous anto whyme such that we are expected why as shown in the filling to the form in Altion Filt learth to creat a VOUL Buyuge with Plug-and-pley Realine Rule Micy / SCALA a cullon more speak is and a culo more speak is and ACTION : PACKAGE LOW - HANGING, FRUIT ACTUN: Enable end-users to add Rong leve THE MANETARS ACTION' SUPPORT . REFLECTION AS STUDENT PROJECT libranes easily ACTION

## Language and Semantics

### Strengths:

- 1. Community support (and language board)
- 2. Low barrier to entry (language change request)
- 3. Precision / formality
- 4. Abstraction with executability
- 5. Broad applicability

#### Weaknesses:

- 1. Dialects are not orthogonal (they have evolved from the needs of specific projects rather than being a product of rational design), take inspiration from other languages (e.g. alloy)
- 2. Poor semantics (especially the object orientation)
- 3. No proper support for refinement
- 4. We lost the link to formal methods, in that
  - a. We don't support proof
  - b. We've lost the idea of having a spec of the tools (eat our own dogfood)
- 5. Need is for RT but you're forced to have O-O features as well
- 6. RT is still to restricted and with limited and in some places wrong semantics
- 7. No notion of asynchronicity in VDM-SL / no concurrency

#### Actions

- 1. Work out proof theory for a substantial part of VDM-SL (consider limiting ++ and RT to constructs that can be used in theorem proving?)
- 2. Package low hanging fruit as student project(s)
- 3. Implement support for reflection and type parameters
- 4. Enable end-users to add libraries easily
- 5. Figure out how difficult it is to map VDM onto WhyML such that we can exploit Why3 as shown in the Filliatre talk
- Is it feasible to create a VDM language with "plug-and-play" features, just like ALLOY and SCALA (=> allow more specific use cases, => allow easier academic research)
- 7. Extend SL with RT features as a new dialect
- 8. Consider simplification of VDM dialects
- 9. Support libraries in the tool e.g. like maven central (+ signing)
- 10. More functionality to libraries e.g. map / fold (don't add keywords)

Tool support (1)	Tool support (2)
1. Eclipse is a common platform that can be chained with the implementation phase, 2. syntax checking as you type, 3. cross platform among different OS's.	<ol> <li>no pretty printer (auto format), 2. occupies a large area on screen,</li> <li>resource demanding</li> </ol>
Standalone IDE, Good Debug Env, Test features	Frustrating bugs, Low performance, Lack of advanced IDE features (eg: refactoring,)
The community is fantastic: open minded, responsive, collaborative. Problems raised are answered/dealt with as best as possible.	Overture doesn't seem to scale well for larger models; profiling capabilities within the tools would be nice. The POG is flaky/weakly defined.
1) Easy to use 2) Supported by a lively community 3) Good documentation (user manual, language reference manual)	1) Lack of verification support 2) Auto-completion/refactoring support should be enhanced 3) Prototype features are rarely finished/matured for releases
The Eclipse UI is relatively familiar and easy to use. Bugs and problems are generally looked at quickly (and hopefully fixed!) It is stable: it is rare for Overture to crash.	There are few other users, so it may feel risky to adopt. There may be scalability problems (eg. with the large EMV model) No tool help for refinement or formally linking a model to an implementation.
<ol> <li>The division between a core part and a GUI part is important for its future development</li> <li>The animation/debugging feature and its ability to incorporate legacy code is absolutely essential</li> <li>The ability to produce FMUs from Overture so it can be used in a co-simulation context</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>The lack of theorem proving support for in particular VDM-SL (the others are not feasible in a reasonable amount of time)</li> <li>The Eclipse GUI is getting old and here IntelliJ GUI would be a better future alternative</li> <li>It would be great to have additional support in a cloud context</li> </ol>
<ol> <li>Navigating around large models is fairly easy to do.</li> <li>Being able to execute models and debug them as you would a program is great</li> <li>Picking up errors is easy</li> </ol>	1) Calling external DLLs isn't straightforward, but is essential in large projects.
* Robust, doesn't crash too often * Easy to install for single users * Plenty of examples	* Lack of auto-completion * Error messages can be esoteric * Hard to deploy on network clusters
<ol> <li>It's comparatively well documented</li> <li>It's comparatively robust</li> <li>The community behind it is quite welcoming</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Its continuity depends on a small number of people who will not be there forever</li> <li>It doesn't take account of advances in formal techniques such as model checking and proof support</li> <li>It is not regarded as a vehicle for research in formal methods (if you care about that!)</li> </ol>
Extensibility of tools, good debugging support, code generation	no theorem proving, very few reusable libraries, eclipse platform is a bit old
(1) active updates, (2) good support for interpreter-related functions, and (3) good modernization via integration with the Eclipse platform	(1) naive implementation and frequent updates on consistency checking (such as issues written in the "Language and semantics (2)"), (2) weak implementations of non-core but notable functions, such as UML generation (no work with the latest Modelica) and proof obligation generation (in a recent version it said "after execution\n\$postcond", now it says \$precond => \$postcond without using the weakest precond, which is a wrong formula), (3) weak support of concurrency (no model checking) though VDM++ has concurrency
<ol> <li>(1) we have two strong and high quality toolchains available to the community free of charge</li> <li>(2) tools are available on Windows, Mac and Linux</li> <li>(3) tools are well maintained and regularly updated and performance is overall OK</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>(1) the tight coupling with Eclipse is both a blessing as well as risk; Eclipse is here to stay but it seems to loose momentum and interest</li> <li>(2) the GPL license model is considered restrictive to enable commercial initiatives; perhaps BSD two-clause should be considered for the next generation of tools?</li> <li>(3) we do not exploit the power of cloud computing</li> <li>(4) the implementation of VDM-RT with fixed time step is inherently flawed and should be addressed</li> <li>(5) the performance of the interpreter and quality of the code generators is not good enough to deal with the next generation of problems</li> </ul>

# TOOL SUPPORT

ACTION: Experiment with Nich-The annotations as additional Capabilities for fool automation (whout potuting the actual madeb)

Action: Master choos in tool development @ @rentive work shop (for continuition Sake?) & weiners [hackathors Action: Tool support / meenabling it rarg management for end way

Short

Intellis reasibily story - short term Scalability investigation - Short temm Theorem Proving - Medicin/long Model - checkins - Medicin/long Shoring libs ACTION: Auto-completion, Auto formating and style cheching should be comsidered (requires AST inclusion)

ACTION: Theorem proving for a subset of VDM-SD

ACTION: TECHNICAE IDDESTIGATION FOR A "J.DICK'S" STYLE TESTING

Action: TOOL INFEGRATION INVESTIGATION -Why 3? - Bogle? - Quick cluck of style testing

Action: OBMONSTRATE CLOCO DEPLOYATENT + SIMWLATION

- what pull requests to accept

More use of 18th -what to develop

- Melium

for:

mechan

-Short Tool tip or End-CUCK navigation - that/medum

Action Overhere as a service/ in the doud > scalability performance b > no installation required partly > the Idraw. io

## **Tool support**

#### Actions and ideas

- 1. Experiment with Nick-like annotations as additional capabilities for tool automation (without polluting the actual models
- 2. Masterclass in tool development @overture workshop (for continuity sake?)
- 3. Webinars / hackathons
- 4. Paid courses
- 5. Tool support enabling library management for end-users
- 6. Autocompletion, auto formatting and style checking should be considered (requires AST inclusion)
- 7. Theorem proving for a subset of VDM-SL
- 8. Technical investigation for a "Jeremy Dick"-style approach to testing
- 9. Tool integration investigation (why3? Boogie?)
- 10. Quickcheck style testing
- 11. Demonstrate cloud deployment + simulation
- 12. More use of polls for (a) what to develop and (b) what pull requests to accept
- 13. Overture as-a-service in the cloud (scalability, performance, no installation required) like draw.io (partly as a paid service?)
- 14. Short term: intelliJ feasibility study
- 15. Short term: scalability investigation
- 16. Medium / long term: support for theorem proving
- 17. Medium / long term: support for model checking
- 18. Short term: sharing libraries
- 19. Idea: tool tips or Cmd-Click navigation

Applications (1)	Applications (2)
1. virtual machine, 2. embedded (felica), 3. education	1. virtual machines, 2. IoT, 3. Automotive systems (car management, navigation and entertainment)
Precision agriculture, Education	Education
Security protocols (AnB language semantics), Payment systems (EMV, PSD), Computational games (TicTacToe, DotsAndBoxes, Suduku, Ultimate TicTacToe), Flash memory management, Garbage collection algorithms	Not sure. Perhaps examples to explore POG and Refinement chains? Or integration with provers/model checking tools?
Harvest planning (the AGCO project)	Online courses
EMVCo model (card payment systems). The MULTOS model (smartcard OS, work suspended now?) Several models of UK Post Office systems, used internally in Fujitsu. Models of air traffic reporting protocols (Airservices Australia) AGCO harvesting models Some models inside ESA?	Other standards bodies (after Airservices example)?
<ol> <li>It has been used by Nick for commercial applications with critical aspects of administrative systems at Fujitsu (in the past)</li> <li>It is used for agricultural logistics the company AGCO is using it</li> <li>It is used for teaching purposes at a number of universities</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>It would be good to see it used on the Mobile Felica cases</li> <li>In general it would be good to use it in the development of critical systems</li> <li>Increased use in a co-simulation setting in the development of CPSs</li> </ol>
Attempting to model a secure operating system	Modeling of secure applications
<ol> <li>Controller design (through multi-modelling and cosimulation)</li> <li>Education &amp; Training</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Comprehensive model-based engineering and analysis of digital aspects of larger systems (infrastructure, buildings, etc.)</li> <li>Providing semantics for domain-specific languages in areas like the above, as well as IoT areas.</li> </ol>
critical systems, embedded control, distributed systems	AI, critical systems even more
Rigorous specification (rather than strong checking, like in Felica)	Potentially, as a simulation language as in Crescendo and INTO- CPS, but with more powerful tool support as a "simulation" tool rather than a "specification" tool
reactive systems, embedded control systems	autonomous and self-* systems

APPLIED TODAY IN ---

· Actomotive systems - Medium term · & Entry point to theorem proving / model checkig. Expution-SL to theorem proven onel model-checkes - Meelian term · AI sepport contributions - Short term Support Al

1 - Medium/Lass term Robotics

#### i), 3. education

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ork suspended now?) ms, used internally in Fujitsu. (Airservices Australia)

cial applications with critical itsu (in the past) company AGCO is using it umber of universities

system

lling and cosimulation)

buted systems checking, like in Felica)

# COULD SHOULD BE APPLIED IN ---

Applications (2)

Search for areas Where comprise have pain points with quality and complexity

SPIN VDM AS A BKIND OF DATA ANALITICS (Only half joking - how we market is important - and we can help the

data scientists)

txisting

- Protocols

- Real-time

- Japan: Use as specification for outsourcing

Medica/Devices - Infant dia lyser Etweit/consistency/iert - Bruin pace marker Etweit/consistency/boc.] - Organ preservation EDesign/consistency/boc.]

Supervise Spray control of CKS

\* Data transformation input > transform => output \* Non real-time systems are important \* Compliance (HIPA, FEDRAMP, US GOV) "health data \* Security / authentication / authorisation \* Something non-sensitive e.g. large open-source project Hogh Level AI control ( deceptor lating on prepissemed date) \* VDM to revers engineer, "lost" specifications (validation test oracle \* Why VDM is good (for application) - Lightweight ; Programmers familiar





## Applications

## Today applied in:

- Protocols
- Real-time
- Japan: use as specification for outsourcing
- Medical devices (audits, consistency, certification, documentation, design): infant dialyses, brain pacemaker, organ preservation
- Supervisory control if CPSs
- Why VDM is good (for applications): lightweight and familiar feel for programmers

## Could be used tomorrow in:

- Search for areas where companies have pain points with quality and complexity
- Spin VDM as a kind of data analytics (only half joking how we market is important, and we can help the data scientist)
- Any form of data transformation
- Non real-time systems are important
- Applications were compliance needs to be demonstrated (HIPA, FEDRAMP, US GOV)
- Security / authentication / authorisation
- Something non-sensistive with impact e.g. a large open source project
- High-level AI control (decision taking on preprocessed data)
- VDM to reverse engineer "lost" specifications
- Use VDM as an independent test oracle (benchmark and validate existing applications)
- Automotive systems
- Entry point to theorem proving / model checking (export VDM-SL to theorem provers and model checkers)
- Robotics
- •

Community building (1)	Community building (2)
slowly growing	Create open-source projects that use VDM and put VDM specs with C/C++/Java/Swift/what-so-ever program source on github. Not spec only, but spec with program source.
Good	Promote efficient tools
The community is active and friendly.	Some processes for language discussion, tool improvement, etc can be quite a drag/overkill.
Doing fairly well: workshop on an anual basis (more or less) and we do see new people joining the community now and then	We need to advertise the language/tools more. For example through online courses or by encouraging people to use join discussions on Github/StackOverflow/other kinds of online groups. I would prefer this over the existing mailing lists.
It is still largely academic, with just a couple of industry contacts. The support email lists and StackExchange tags are rarely used. Downloads are good, but we don't know who they are (may be bots).	Explicitly offer support for new users? Support the EMV project (Leo/Martin) as much as we can.
<ol> <li>primarily mouth to mouth for key stakeholders</li> <li>whenever new releases are produced emails are sent around to a mailing list of users</li> <li>passive via web pages and manuals</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>coursera courses of how to use VDM and Overture</li> <li>Proactive marketing towards potential users</li> <li>improved on-line videos about overture at youtube disseminated via facebook and twitter</li> </ol>
Great tools and output. However I only found out about Overture by accident	Is there an Overture Tools users forum somewhere? It would be good to build a knowledge base out there of how to do things
Growth is slow but it's happening.	<ul> <li>* Ask new people (Paul, Simon etc.) how they found us; do more of whatever they suggest.</li> <li>* Submit to things like F-IDE or other communities</li> </ul>
We are open and welcoming; the workshops are inclusive and stable. We are not necessarily maximising the assets we have by using it to support research in systems engineering in a variety of new areas (just look at the Gartner hype curve!)	The community relies on voluntary work, mainly by academics who are necessarily motivated by research on the fundamentals of computer science and systems engineering. However, we have a strong focus on achieving industry use (a great goal that we must retain). As a result, our focus has been on delivering a platform that works in industry case study settings (in EC projects) and perhaps less on offering a platform for research (integrating and adding analytic capabilities, extending expressiveness of models, etc.). I'd suggest that we have a small research working group report back to the community on how Overture might be developed as a platform for research activity, so that there is enough of a "pay back" for community membership.
The community is good, but has not grown in a long time, which can make things a little stale	Modernize the tool platform and encourage open source contributions, show that overture can solve problems other tools cannot
Very strong and active, I like very much	Include the state-of-the-art from a much wider-viewpoint: looking at other tools and other paradigms (trends and techniques in general software engineering), rather than a bottom-up improvement
very active core team with strong ties in academia, however, we have never been able to grow very much - but this seems common to all FM tool communities	IMHO the only option is to join forces with other FM groups and perhaps be more active on social media (we are quite passive in our communications)

intresetted in contributions with new GUI trantents e.g., Intellit culled meterse both currilucters \* actually seek industrial challenge Platform may filter as new incoming Achiely requesting tor others for very snull introductory eg. les intividing for induting \* To do lit an github video's + online courses A "For dumies" Book A ACTIONS - Medium terns as well as users \* Slack group Changes HOW WE CAN IMPROVE --ACTIONS peple \* hitchhite on 'google summer of code' Action tolle public examples and indue threm an matallele via Minlat \* Make open slad group-Jichner \* Make to do hist on github \* List of industrial contact/consultants This about the branding of "Overture" curpaned to "VDM". Capites people? RUN CONMUNITY HARMTHONS > \* actively puok /participate in other pora alla stack overflow of the Overture web Bages Apealtadiversity of the Overture Community ACTION/S - Short term Action ACTION ACTION

COMMUNITY

How can we get them to tell us what they use it to and how brey tound as? And what else they would like? -how to interect, pull request eg. like "the bruethod " for people w/ no background 2 How to welcome new people? (3) find new acculance / en finding =) keep sheady flow of new Phots Query tew people left the community \* Need a book for durines \* Be deve about community Whe are seen as on open and Welcomming comming theogle intro to former thelind + VOM HOW WE'RE DONG fuell, we THINK WEARE!

# **Community building**

- (we think we are) seen as an open and welcoming community
- Appeal for diversity of the Overture community
- Very few people left the community
- Action: find new academic / EU funding to keep steady flow of new PhDs
- How to welcome new people; how can we get them to tell us what they use it for and how they found us? And what else would they like?
- Action: Hitchhike on initiatives like "Google summer of code"
- Action: actively push / participate in other for a like stackoverflow
- Action: think about branding of "Overture" versus "VDM", does it confuse people?
- Action: take public examples and make them animatable via VDMPad on the Overture web
  pages
- Action: run community hackathons?
  - o Problem solving activities for business and community groups?
  - Support innovations
- Actively requesting for others interested in contributing with new GUI front-ends e.g. IntelliJ could increase both contributers as well as users; other way around: stick to current platform man filter new adopters
- Short term action: make open slack group (less intimidating for industry than joining mailing lists)
- Short term action: make to-do list on github
- Short term action: make list of industrial contacts / consultants
- Medium term: create "for dummies" book, like "The B-method" for people with no background into formal methods and VDMio
- Medium term: videos + on-line courses
- Short term action: actively seek industrial challenge cases
- Be clear about community operating: how to interact, pull requests etc
- •

Business offerings and long-term support (1)	Business offerings and long-term support (2)
Create open source that use VDM. Such projects would work as reference for managers who are concerned with quality of specification.	Eclipse will not live forever. We'll anyway need to envision new VDM that adopt new styles of software development and create a new tool that supports new VDM and future programming languages on top of future development substrates.
Provide industrial partners with added value to their dev. processes	Find key partners
It must scale, and scale well. Support is good. Examples of different uses would be good. Also examples of "ways not to do it" that are frequently caveats for inexperienced users?	Mixture between industrial clients and academic use.
Getting more companies involved through research projects	Getting more people interested in the language/tools via courses and research projects.
Advertise significant industrial success (EMV) - ideally from EMVCo themselves. Give interviews to industry press about industrial uses?	Short term academic projects and voluntary support (as now). Medium to long term, consultancy fees paying for tool experts.
<ol> <li>1) list potential consultancy suppliers at the overture web pages</li> <li>2) offer commercial support of the Overture tool for potential users</li> <li>3) present examples where Overture/VDM has been used in the past</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>additional externally funded research projects where Overture is included as a part</li> <li>increase the value in contributing to the Overture open source development</li> <li>get at least one company offering commercial services on top of the Overture platform</li> </ol>
Explain the financial benefits of modeling and provide more examples (well documented ones at that which explain each step in detail).	The tools need to be free (at least for now) as having to pay would only be another reason for business not to take that first look. A donation system could be tried
<ul> <li>* Research and innovation projects (EU, Innovate UK)</li> <li>* Champions in key industries</li> <li>* Success stories, articles etc. in industry magazines (not just scientific venues)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>* Research and innovation projects (EU, Innovate UK)</li> <li>* INTO-CPS Association</li> </ul>
Integration with established tools and methods - even using VDM/Overture as a semantic foundation rather than as a first class tool in its own right? Develop links with tools developers rather than "compete" by trying to make a robust industry offering ourselves. Otherwise we will only have Overture as the tools that's used as a basis for consultancy.	Set ourselves a goal (5-year) to establish a sustainable association in the INTO model? (Sorry running out of time here)
Successful case studies, commercial support, ability to solve problems	engagement with open source enthusiasts
Modern and active tool support, success story by a strong industry (like one by Felica, which made VDM the most popular formal specification language in Japan)	Active community and relevant state-of-the-art research funding
To provide a solution to industrially sized problems, so reliability, scalability and performance of the tools are key - closely followed by accessibility and low upfront investment cost. The threshold to start should be near zero (even tool installation can be considered a barrier), with low-hanging fruit that addresses some urgent and recurring business need; these might well be secundary to us (e.g. automatic documentation generation) but are key to acceptance in industry. It would be good to spend some time to investigate with are the key success factors from industrial perspective? Do we know and do we have an answer to that?	commercial service, i.e. to implement new features, solve modelling issues, etc. Some modelling market place?

Industry - focused

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(also e.g. set students to componien) Servership Ivisitiation operturities

TRY TO SUTARATE THE THAT FACILITATE USE FROM THE FEATURES UNDERLYING TOOLS

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CONSIDER IF WE HEED TO SUPPLY

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## **Business offerings**

- Add business offerings at the overture pages (e.g. consultants and their contact details)
- Assist with a modelling marketplace where suppliers can come with either free or payable models and components
- Getting more people interested in our language through courses (in particular video via Udemy, Coursera, Edx); basic courses free, premium coursed paid?
- Deployment x documentation (non-formal) for users consumption
- Add donation button to Overture
- Add sponsorship opportunities visible on the web site
- Consider if we need better deployment support
- Are the tools geared up for use in agile or continuous integration business models (i.e. CI)?
- Try to separate the underlying tools from the features that facilitate use (you should be able to update the GUI with minimum hassle)
- Consider potential award scheme a la when you are a volunteer for the red cross
- Add pages with success stories at the overture web pages where the contributor also gets his fair share of publicity
- Consider introducing a notation of VDM certification
- Paid-for industry workshops with success stories and training
- Scalability and reliability of the tools must be guaranteed
- Integration with other established tools is a must
- Stay in touch / stay in fashion, keep up with modern tools (i.e. IntelliJ versus Eclipse)
- Long term: do research project focusing on VDM-SL with industry partners and theorem proving